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by G G

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Discussion Posting 1-Leves of ¹Discrimination

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Discussion Posting 1-Leves of Discrimination

I feel that Indigenous people within Canada are being discriminated against at an institutional level. I say this based on recent research assessing the health of the indigenous Canadians and the rest. Racism was evident in the findings where the aboriginal peoples' social-economic is low, making them not access medical services. Moreover, the writers reported that the indigenous people in the Victorian region were four times likely to have encountered racism in the last one year compared to the general populations (Cunneen, 2019). Racism made it tough for them to seek health attention where most depended on herbal treatments while others lost lives. Since racism affects a particular group of people, it is evident the Canadians encounter institutionalized discrimination.

I also claim the discrimination is institutionally based due to the news early this year. Racial segregation was evident in Ibis restaurant located in Alice Springs, where the aboriginal people were placed in dirty rooms with exposed wiring and clothes of the previous visitors. The other visitors were put in comfortable rooms with all the needs they needed. The hosts did not listen to the aboriginals' complain but were keen to ensure the rest were okay. Apart from that, people do not access services, especially disabled people. For example, there are no home and social care services to take care of the vulnerable people in the community. It is not the same case with other populations, as the government has allocated some money to meet the needs of the vulnerable populations.

The people are deliberately left out due to racism and regionalism, making them suffer and less considered as humans with dignity. The indigenous people in Canada also experience institutionalized discrimination regarding education. Normally, the law states every person should have access to skills and training because education is one of the ways to take care of the future. However, the number of educational services in these regions is rare as well as school attendance. It is one of the elements leading to increased unemployment

among them due to the lack of the needed skills. The explanations mean the people do not access most services due to racism one of the forms of institutionalized discrimination.

Reference

Cunneen, C. (2019). Institutional racism and (in) justice: Australia in the 21st century. *Decolonization of Criminology and Justice*, 1(1), 29-51.

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